The Code of School Behaviour
Better Behaviour
Better Learning













Mount Isa School of the Air 2018-2020

Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students

The Code of School Behaviour Better Behaviour Better Learning



1. Purpose



Mount Isa School of the Air is committed to providing a safe, respectful and disciplined learning environment for students and staff, where students have opportunities to engage in quality learning experiences and acquire values supportive of their lifelong wellbeing.



This Responsible Behaviour Plan for Students is designed to facilitate high standards of behaviour so that the learning and teaching in our school can be effective and students can participate positively within our school community.

2. Consultation and Data Review



Mount Isa School of the Air developed this plan in collaboration with our school community.

A review of school data relating to absenteeism, school disciplinary absences and behaviour incidents and School Opinion surveys from 2015-2018 also informed the development process.



The Plan was endorsed by the Principal, the President of the P&C, the Local Consultative Committee, the Review Committee and the Principal's supervisor and will be reviewed in 2020 as required in legislation.

3. Learning and Behaviour Statement



Education Queensland is committed to provisions that ensure all young Queenslanders have a right to and receive a quality education. Mount Isa School of the Air's **Responsible Behaviour Plan** is underpinned by the Education Queensland '*The Code of School Behaviour* – Better Behaviour Better Learning'.



Our school community consists of families that are geographically isolated, itinerant workers, travellers (within Australia and overseas) home based learners by choice, medical enrolments, and special approved students.

Taking into consideration the nature of distance education delivery the most significant behaviour management issue within our school relates to the management of student participation given that, our measure of school attendance is based upon the regular return of work and active engagement in on air lessons. This process is managed through the "Management of Student Inactivity Procedures" which have been developed and implemented.

However, as a school we must also have in place a Responsible Behaviour Plan which addresses behaviour expectations in relation to learning in face to face interactions, and learning in an online environment including participation in scheduled telephone lessons and electronic communication.

Mount Isa School of the Air believes that students have both rights and responsibilities in regards to their learning and that of others. A number of issues have significant implications for our school in terms of the provision of a supportive school/ home learning environment and managing behaviour.

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Better Behaviour Better Learning Responsible behaviour pertinent to Mount Isa School of the Air has been developed in relation to three particular contexts for students:

- On air code of behaviour for students
- Field activities code of behaviour for students
- Communication and the use of technology

It is considered that behaviour management in the home schoolroom context is the responsibility of the home tutor. It is the school's responsibility to support the home tutor with professional development which might contribute towards effective behaviour management in that context.



On Air Lessons

On air lessons on the primary school timetable include:

- English subject lesson
- Reading Lessons
- Personalised Learning Time



On air lessons on the secondary timetable include:

- Subject lessons
- Go To sessions
- Individual tutoring sessions



Field Events

At MISOTA field events for students can include:

- Get to know you days (eKindy Prep)
- Group Days (eKindy Year 6)
- Activity Days (eKindy Year 6)
- Minischools (eKindy Year 6)
- Multischools (Years 7 10)
- Camps (Years 4 10)



Bullying definition

For this plan, we will refer to the National definition of bullying for Australian schools -

Bullying is an ongoing misuse of power in relationships through repeated verbal, physical and/or social behaviour that causes physical and/or psychological harm.

It can involve an individual or a group misusing their power over one or more persons.

Bullying can happen in person or online, and it can be obvious (overt) or hidden (covert).

Bullying of any form or for any reason can have long-term effects on those involved, including bystanders.

Single incidents and conflict or fights between equals, whether in person or online, are not defined as bullying.

The definition of bullying has been developed as part of the National Safe Schools Framework and can be found on the Australian Government's Student Wellbeing Hub at https://studentwellbeinghub.edu.au/glossary#/

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Better Behaviour Better Learning The national definition of bullying for Australian schools was developed by the Safe and Supportive School Communities Working Group. This national group includes all state, territory and federal education departments, as well as national Catholic and Independent schooling representatives.













Behaviours that do not constitute bullying include:

- Mutual arguments and disagreements (where there is no <u>power imbalance</u>)
- Not liking someone or a single act of social rejection
- One-off acts of meanness or spite
- Isolated incidents of aggression, intimidation or violence.

However, these conflicts still need to be addressed and resolved. For this plan we will be addressing student behaviour in on air lessons, at field events; while providing support for home tutors in their isolated classroom.

Personal Mobile Phone and Other Electronic Devices

All types of portable music devices, mobile phones, cameras, and any other electronic devices are NOT permitted in class at Mount Isa School of the Air, unless they form part of the lesson structure. These devices hinder the learning process and impact on valuable teaching time by interfering with the students' capacity to communicate and interact with their teachers and peer groups. USB devices are only permitted for transporting school related data. Further definition occurs within the plan.

Home tutors needing to contact their child during school hours on air or during field events or camps can do so via the school office who will forward all messages to the student. If the student is on an excursion or participating in a field event (e.g. camp, minischool, multischool, etc.) and the matter is urgent the home tutor can contact the staff members on camp as per camp procedure. Sim Card devices are discouraged on school camps. Those students requiring a phone to assist with travel plans to and from camps and multischools, will hand their phones or Sim



Card device into the supervising teacher for the duration of the camp. Supervised access will be determined by the supervising teachers of the field event.

Our Responsible Behaviour Plan outlines our system for facilitating positive behaviours, preventing problem behaviour and responding to unacceptable behaviours. Through our school plan; shared expectations for student behaviour are plain to everyone, assisting Mount Isa School of the Air to create and maintain a positive and productive learning and teaching environment, where ALL school community members have clear and consistent expectations and understandings of their role in the educational process.

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4. Processes for Facilitating Standards of Positive Behaviour and Responding to Unacceptable Behaviour

There is regular professional development given to all staff and home tutors about the maintenance of our behaviour standards.

Discussion of behaviour is a regular agenda item on our staff meeting agendas and PDPs.

We have codified these rights and responsibilities in the following on air and field activity codes of behaviour.

On Air Code of Behaviour for Students

- 1. All students have a right to be heard, and to hear what others have to say.
 - Students should wait to be called on before calling in, unless group response is expected.
 - Students should try to be patient in larger than normal groups.
- 2. All students have a right to equal on air time.
 - Students should accept that the teacher attempts to spread interaction fairly.
 - Students should reflect on each other's input to maximize wait time.
- 3. All students have a right to a quality phone communication system.
 - Students should use established phone etiquette, using teacher's names as cue.
 - Students should act responsibly with telephone equipment.
- 4. All students have a right to a quality on air provision.
 - Students should be punctual and prepared for lesson, as modelled by the teacher.
 - Students should listen carefully to teacher and classmates to avoid need for repeats by the teacher at the expense of other student's time.
 - Students should concentrate and participate throughout the lesson with the teacher and each other.
 - Students should be able to say "I don't know", yet should attempt a response as often as possible.
 - Students to use tools of Blackboard in a manner instructed by the class teacher.
 - Students are to ask permission to add to/edit/delete another students work.
- 5. All students have a right to appropriate language models.
 - Students should use appropriate language on the phone/digital lesson medium: spoken and written.
- 6. All students have a right to courtesy and respect.
 - Students should always speak courteously and clearly.
 - Students should demonstrate tolerance of other points of view.
 - Students should show respect to teachers and classmates.

The rights identified need to be interpreted within the capabilities of our communications system.

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Field Activity Code of Behaviour for Students

1. All students have a right to work and play in a safe environment.

- Students should not bully or endanger others by word or action.
- Students should accept ultimate authority of the person in charge.
- Students should listen, contribute and clearly accept the rules established with the person in charge at the commencement of field activities.
- Students should seek to be a positive role model to their peers.

2. All students have a right to courtesy and respect.

- Students should demonstrate consideration and sensitivity towards others.
- Students should try to be tolerant of different learning styles.

3. All students have a right to learn without disruption from others.

- Students should try to meet group expectations and limits so as not to impinge on each other's rights.
- Students should accept responsibility for their own behaviour and not seek to blame others.
- Students should encourage peers in field activities and refrain from criticising other's efforts.

4. All students have a right to a range of field activities.

Students should make an effort to participate in activities made available.

5. All students have a right to expect cooperative effort.

- Students should share in preparing for activities and tidying up on completion.
- Students should demonstrate willingness to work as a member of a group.

It is acknowledged that the learning process needs to be reinforced in relation to these rights and responsibilities as the students have limited opportunity for face to face contact, and expectations of behaviour will be set through use of the MISOTA Learning Behaviour Expectations.

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Universal Behaviour Support – On Air

Clarification of appropriate behaviour to students and parents.



- Facilitate the development of acceptable standards of behaviour to create a caring, productive and safe environment for learning and teaching.
- Promote an effective learning and teaching environment that allows positive aspirations, relationships and values to develop.
- Foster mutual respect.
- Encourage all students to take increasing responsibility for their own behaviour and the consequences of their actions.

Praising/rewarding of appropriate behaviour.

> Selective attendance to instances of inappropriate behaviour.

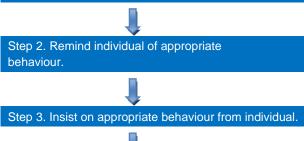
These expectations are communicated to students via a number of strategies, including:

- Teaching and discussing the mantras of the school
- Discussion of on air etiquette expectations
- Observations by school leadership of on air to monitor compliance and consistency
- Behaviour lessons conducted by class teachers
- Reinforcement of learning behaviour expectations during professional development with home tutors who support students with learning behaviour in the home school environment.
- Respect diversity.

Step 1. Remind class of appropriate behaviour.

Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour - On Air Universal / Targeted /

Intensive Behaviour Support



Step 4. Contact home tutor for support.

Step 5. Request home tutor present on air.

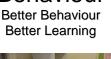
Step 6. Consult with Principal regarding further action:

- Parent interviews
- Remedial strategies
 - GO input

Universal Behaviour Support

Targeted Behaviour Support Evidence of inappropriate behaviour is recorded.

Intensive Behaviour Support













Clarification of appropriate behaviour to students and parents.



- Facilitate the development of acceptable standards of behaviour to create a caring, productive and safe environment for learning and teaching.
- · Promote an effective learning and teaching environment that allows positive aspirations. relationships and values to develop.
- · Foster mutual respect.
- Encourage all students to take increasing responsibility for their own behaviour and the consequences of their actions.

Praising/rewarding of appropriate behaviour.

Selective attendance to minor instances of inappropriate behaviour.

These expectations are communicated to students via a number of strategies, including:

- Teaching and discussing the mantras of the school
- Observation and monitoring of behaviour in the field
- Behaviour lessons conducted by class teachers
- Reinforcement of learning behaviour expectations during professional development with home tutors who support students with learning behaviour in the home school environment.
- Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour In Field Universal / Targeted / **Intensive Behaviour Support**





Step 1. Remind class/group of appropriate behaviour.



Step 2. Remind individual of appropriate behaviour.



Step 3. Insist on appropriate behaviour from individual.



Step 4. Contact home tutor, if present, for support.



Step 5. Exclude individual from group activity.



Step 6. Consult with Principal regarding further action.



Step 7. Consult with Principal and home tutor to remove individual from field activity if behaviour remains consistently inappropriate.

Universal Behaviour Support

Targeted Behaviour Support.

Intensive Behaviour Support

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- Common Understandings in Field Activities
- Responsibility for children at field activities is shared between families and the school.
- 2. Parents assume responsibility for children outside of school timetabled activities.
- Every child must have an adult family member or other nominated adult as their guardian at field events. This guardian must be available at all times.
- Mount Isa School of the Air and families work together to ensure the children receive maximum value from their field activities.
- Respect diversity.
- Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour Bullying/Cyberbullying Universal / Targeted / Intensive Behaviour Support

Step 1. Remind class/group of appropriate behaviour.





Step 3. Insist on appropriate behaviour from individual.



Step 4. Contact home tutor for support.



Step 5. Exclude individual from group activity or the use of technology relevant to the incident temporarily.



Step 6. Consult with Principal regarding further action.



Step 7. Consult with Principal and home tutor to remove individual from activity/technology if behaviour remains consistently inappropriate.

Targeted Behaviour Support. Evidence of inappropriate behaviour is recorded.

Universal Behaviour Support

Intensive Behaviour Support

These expectations are communicated to students via a number of strategies, including:

- Teaching and discussing the mantras of the school
- Observation and monitoring of ICT communications.
- Discussion of cyber bullying and notification procedures
- Reinforcement of learning behaviour expectations during professional development with home tutors who support students with learning behaviour in the home school environment.

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Universal Behaviour Support – Procedures for preventing and responding to inappropriate use of communication and technology

The use of technology at Mount Isa School of the Air is a significant part of the education for each student and is a privilege that should be respected by all.

- The inappropriate use of technology is not acceptable.
- All communication between staff and students using email, phone or other forms
 of communication must be relevant to school business and take into
 consideration appropriate professional boundaries.
- Harassment or bullying via any mode of communication will not be tolerated.
- Inappropriate use of personal information in digital communication is not tolerated.
- Inappropriate language or content accessed or distributed via any mode of communication will not be tolerated.
- Digital footprint will be monitored to identify and discuss inappropriate behaviours with the intent of modelling appropriate behaviours.
- Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour Inappropriate use of communication and technology

Step 1. Remind class/group of appropriate behaviour.



Step 2. Remind individual of appropriate behaviour.



Step 3. Insist on appropriate behaviour from individual



Step 4. Contact home tutor if present, for support.



Step 5. Exclude individual from group activity or the use of technology relevant to the incident temporarily.



Step 6. Consult with Principal regarding further action



Step 7. Consult with Principal and home tutor to remove individual from activity/technology if behaviour remains consistently inappropriate.

Universal Behaviour Support

Targeted Behaviour Support

Intensive Behaviour Support

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It is important that all staff have a consistent understanding of how to respond to emergency situations or critical incidents involving severe problem behaviour. consistency ensures that appropriate actions are taken to ensure that both students and staff are kept safe.



An emergency situation or critical incident is defined as an occurrence that is sudden, urgent, and usually unexpected, or an occasion requiring immediate action.

Severe problem behaviour is defined as behaviour of such intensity, frequency, or duration that the physical safety of the student or others is likely to be placed in serious jeopardy.



Basic defusing strategies

Avoid escalating the problem behaviour

Avoid shouting, cornering the student, moving into the student's space, touching or grabbing the student, sudden responses, sarcasm, becoming defensive, communicating anger and frustration through body language.



Maintain calmness, respect and detachment

Model the behaviour you want students to adopt, stay calm and controlled, use a serious measured tone, choose your language carefully, avoid humiliating the student, be matter of fact and avoid responding emotionally.



Approach the student in a non-threatening manner

Move slowly and deliberately toward the problem situation, speak privately to the student/s where possible, speak calmly and respectfully, minimise body language, keep a reasonable distance, establish eye level position, be brief, stay with the agenda, acknowledge cooperation, withdraw if the situation escalates.



Follow through

If the student starts displaying the appropriate behaviour briefly acknowledge their choice and re-direct other students' attention towards their usual work/activity. If the student continues with the problem behaviour then remind them of the expected school behaviour and identify consequences of continued unacceptable behaviour.



Debrief

Help the student to identify the sequence of events that led to the unacceptable behaviour, pinpoint decision moments during the sequence of events, evaluate decisions made, and identify acceptable decision options for future situations.

Physical Intervention

Staff may make legitimate use of physical intervention if all non-physical interventions have been exhausted and a student is:

- Physically assaulting another student or staff member
- Posing an immediate danger to him/herself or to others including prevention of self-harming behaviours.
- Additional physical intervention may be used if it is part of a student's individual
- Attempting serious property damage

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Appropriate physical intervention may be used to ensure that Mount Isa School of the Air's duty of care to protect students and staff from foreseeable risks of injury is met. The use of physical intervention is only considered appropriate where the immediate safety of others is threatened and the strategy is used to prevent injury. Physical restraint is a continuum beginning with removal to a quiet isolated space and moving to physical restraint.



Physical intervention can involve coming between students, blocking a student's path, leading a student by the hand/arm, shepherding a student by placing a hand in the centre of the upper back, removing potentially dangerous objects and, in extreme situations, using more forceful restraint.



It is important that all staff understand:

- Physical intervention cannot be used as a form of punishment
- Physical intervention must not be used when a less severe response can effectively resolve the situation
- The underlying function of the behaviour.



Physical intervention is not to be used as a response to:

- Property destruction
- School disruption
- Refusal to comply
- Verbal threats.



Any physical intervention made must:

- Be reasonable in the particular circumstances,
- Be in proportion to the circumstances of the incident
- Always be the minimum force needed to achieve the desired result, and
- Take into account the age, stature, disability, understanding and gender of the student.



All staff at Mount Isa School of the Air are regularly trained in the theory and application of least to most intrusive behaviour management approaches regularly.



Record keeping

Each instance involving the use of physical intervention must be formally documented. The following records must be maintained in OneSchool as a behaviour incident:

- Physical Restraint Incident Report
- Health and Safety Incident Report
- Debriefing report for student and staff. Actual debriefing options will be made available for both staff and students as required. (see Appendix 1)

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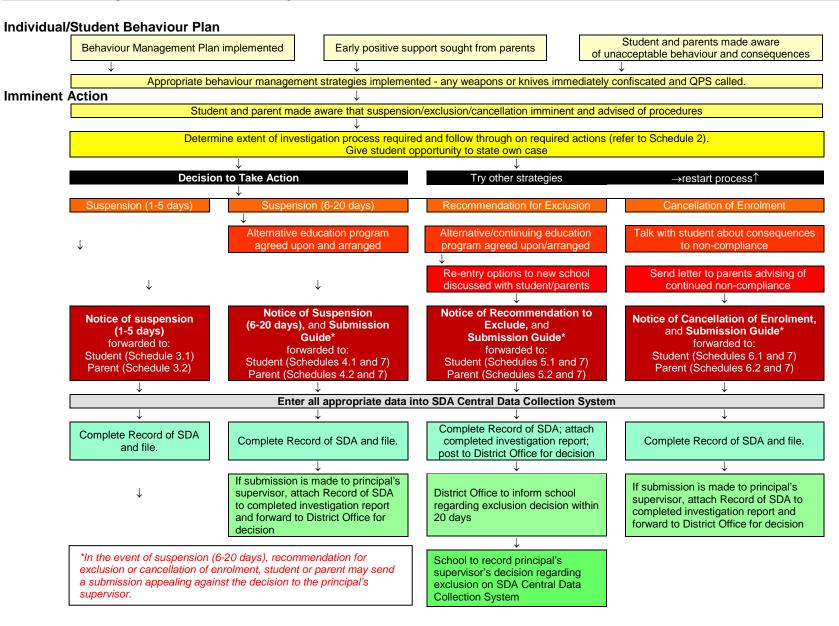








6. Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour



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Appropriate Behaviour and Consequences

Mount Isa School of the Air makes systematic efforts to prevent problem student behaviour by teaching and reinforcing expected behaviours on an ongoing basis. When unacceptable behaviour occurs, students experience predictable consequences. Our school seeks to ensure that responses to unacceptable behaviour are consistent and proportionate to the nature of the behaviour. The recording of three minor behaviours constitutes a major behaviour and administration should be notified.

Responding to minor and major behaviours

When responding to problem behaviour, the staff member first determines if the problem behaviour is major or minor, with the following agreed understanding:

- **Minor** problem behaviour is handled by staff members at the time it happens.
- Major problem behaviour is referred directly to the school Administration team.

Minor behaviours are those that:

- are minor breeches of the school rules;
- do not seriously harm others or cause you to suspect that the student may be harmed:
- do not violate the rights of others in any other serious way;
- are not part of a pattern of problem behaviours; and
- do not require involvement of specialist support staff or Administration.

Minor problem behaviours may result in the following consequences:

- A minor consequence that is logically connected to the problem behaviour:
 - o complete removal from an activity or event for a specified period of time;
 - partial removal (time away);
 - o individual meeting with the student;
 - apology; and
 - restitution or detention for work completion.
- A re-direction procedure. The staff member takes the student aside and:
 - o names the behaviour that the student is displaying:
 - asks the student to name expected school behaviour;
 - states and explains expected school behaviour if necessary; and
 - o gives positive verbal acknowledgement for expected school behaviour.

Major behaviours are those that:

- significantly violate the rights of others;
- put others / self at risk of harm; and
- require the involvement of school Administration.

Major behaviours result in an immediate referral to Administration because of their seriousness. When major problem behaviour occurs, staff members calmly state the major problem behaviour to the student and remind them of the expected school behaviour. The staff member then completes the office referral form and escorts the student to Administration.

Major problem behaviours may result in the following consequences:

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UEVIEL ONE

- Time in office or other area
- Removal to withdrawal room or an alternate quiet space
- Alternate lunchtime activities
- Loss of privilege
- Restitution
- · Loss of break times
- Warning regarding future consequences for repeated offence and informing parent/s

- Parent contact
- Referral to Guidance Officer
- Referral to Intensive Behaviour Support Team
- Suspension from school

LEVEL THREE

Students who engage in very serious problem behaviours such as major violent physical assault, or the use or supply of weapons or drugs and offensive and illegal use of electronic devices can expect to be recommended for exclusion from school following an immediate period of suspension.

Relate problem behaviours to expected school behaviours

When responding to problem behaviours, staff members ensure that students understand the relationship of the problem behaviour to expected school behaviour. One method that staff members might use to achieve this is to have students:

- articulate the relevant expected school behaviour;
- explain how their behaviour differs from expected school behaviour:
- describe the likely consequences if the problem behaviour continues; and
- identify what they will do to change their behaviour in line with expected school behaviour.

Should a problem behaviour be repeated, the staff member may not repeat the discussion/explanation process but simply remind the student of the consequences of their problem behaviour.

Ensuring consistent responses to problem behaviour

At Mount Isa School of the Air, staff members authorised to issue consequences for problem behaviour are provided with appropriate professional development and/or training. Through training activities, we work to ensure consistent responses to problem behaviour across the school.

Students also receive training in how to respond appropriately when other students display problem behaviour, and the courteous way to respond when a staff member redirects their behaviour or consequences are applied for problem behaviour.

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Universal behaviour support – Procedures for Preventing and Responding to Incidents of Bullying (including Cyberbullying)

- Mount Isa School of the Air strives to create positive, predictable environments for all students at all times of the day, whether this be in the school based in Mount Isa, during field events or within the home schooling environment. The disciplined teaching environment that we are creating is essential to:
 - achieving overall school improvement, including the effectiveness and efficiency of our student support procedures
 - · raising achievement and attendance
 - · promoting equality and diversity and
 - ensuring the safety and well-being of all members of the school community.
- There is no place for bullying at Mount Isa School of the Air. Research indicates
 that both those being bullied and those who bully are at risk for behavioural,
 emotional and academic problems. These outcomes are in direct contradiction to our
 school community's goals and efforts for supporting all students.
- 3. Bullying behaviours that will not be tolerated at Mount Isa School of the Air include:
 - Name-calling
 - Taunting
 - Mocking
 - · Making offensive comments
 - Kicking
 - Hitting
 - Pushing
 - Taking belongings
 - Inappropriate text messaging
 - Sending offensive or degrading images by phone or internet
 - Producing offensive graffiti
 - Gossiping
 - Excluding people from groups, and spreading hurtful and untruthful rumours
 - Using the chat tool to denounce or negatively comment on peer work inappropriately to intimidate
 - Deletion of peer's work from digital classrooms
- 4. Bullying may be related to:
 - Race, religion or culture
 - Disability
 - Appearance or health conditions
 - Sexual orientation
 - Sexist or sexual language
 - Young carers or children in care.
- 5. At Mount Isa School of the Air there is broad agreement among students, staff and parents that bullying is an observable and measurable and ongoing, repeated behaviour. When considering whether or not bullying has occurred, we will therefore avoid speculation on the intent of the behaviour, the power of individuals involved, or the frequency of its occurrence. Whether bullying behaviour is observed between students of equal or unequal power, whether it occurs once or several times, and whether or not the persons involved cite intimidation, revenge, or self-defence as a motive, the behaviour will be responded to in similar fashion, that is, as categorically unacceptable in the school community.

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- 6. Mount Isa School of the Air's anti-bullying procedures include the celebration of state and national anti-bullying campaigns, in addition to our universal positive behavior support processes such as:
 - On air etiquette
 - Appropriate use of technology
 - Utilisation of the SOTA Expectations at field events
 - Maintenance of privacy of passwords and digital profiles
- 7. As Mount Isa School of the Air is highly technology based, a significant form of bullying discussed with students is cyber bullying. Young people have fully embraced the use of information and communication technologies to interact with their peers and classmates. They conduct research, send emails, create their own web sites, post personal news in blogs (online interactive diaries), send text messages and images via cell phone, message each other through IMs (instant messages), chat in chatrooms and post to discussion boards.
- 8. While most interactions are positive, there are increasing reports of these technologies being used to harass and intimidate others. This has become known as cyber bullying. Whether it's cyber or face-to-face, bullying is not acceptable at Mount Isa School of the Air.

Use of Personal Technology Devices in School

Students may bring personal technology devices like cameras, smart watches, iPads, video cameras or MP3 players to school for use in classes upon permission from their class teacher/digital learning facilitator.

Confiscation

Personal technology devices used contrary to this policy on school premises will be confiscated by school staff. They will be made available for collection from the school office at the end of the school day unless required to be kept for purposes of disciplinary investigation, when it will only be returned in the presence of a parent.

Devices potentially containing evidence of criminal offences may be reported to the police. In such cases police may take possession of such devices for investigation purposes and students and parents will be advised to contact Queensland Police Service (QPS) directly.

Students who have a personal technology device confiscated more than once will not be permitted to have a personal technology device at school for at least one month, or longer if deemed necessary by the Principal.

Personal Technology Device Etiquette

Bringing personal technology devices to school is not encouraged by the school because of the potential for theft and general distraction and/or disruption associated with them. However, if they are brought to school, they must be turned off and out of sight during assemblies or classes unless under the supervision of the teacher. Personal technology devices may be used responsibly in accordance with the guidelines at morning tea and lunch breaks with supervisory teacher discretion.

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Recording voice and Images

Every member of the school community should feel confident about participating fully and frankly in all aspects of school life without concern that their personal privacy is being invaded by them being recorded without their knowledge or consent.

We uphold the value of trust and the right to privacy at Mount Isa School of the Air students using personal technology devices to record inappropriate behaviours or incidents (such as vandalism, fighting, bullying, staged fighting or pranks, etc.) for the purpose of dissemination among the student body or outside the school, by any means (including distribution by phone or internet posting) builds a culture of distrust and disharmony.

Students must not record images anywhere that recording would not reasonably be considered appropriate (e.g. in change rooms, toilets or any other place where a reasonable person would expect to be afforded privacy). Recording of events in class is not permitted unless express consent is provided by the class teacher.

A student at school who uses a personal technology device to record private conversations, ordinary school activities (apart from social functions like graduation ceremonies) or violent, illegal or embarrassing matter capable of bringing the school into public disrepute is considered to be in breach of this policy.

Even where consent is obtained for such recording, the school will not tolerate images or sound captured by personal technology devices on the school premises or elsewhere being disseminated to others, if it is done for the purpose of causing embarrassment to individuals or the school, for the purpose of bullying or harassment, including racial and sexual harassment, or where without such intent a reasonable person would conclude that such outcomes may have or will occur.

Students involved in:

- recording; and/or
- disseminating material (through text messaging, display, internet uploading etc.);
 and/or
- knowingly being a subject of a recording.

Breach of this policy may be subject to discipline (including suspension and recommendation for exclusion).

Students should note that the recording or dissemination of images that are considered indecent (such as nudity or sexual acts involving children), is against the law and if detected by the school will result in a referral to QPS.

Text communication

The sending of text messages that contain obscene language and/or threats of violence may amount to bullying and or harassment or even stalking, and will subject the sender to discipline and possible referral to QPS. Students receiving such text messages at school should ensure they keep the message as evidence and bring the matter to the attention of the school office.

Assumption of cheating

Personal technology devices may not be taken into or used by students at exams or during class assessment unless expressly permitted by staff. Staff will assume students in possession of such devices during exams or assessments are cheating. Disciplinary action will be taken against any student who is caught using a personal technology device to cheat during exams or assessments.

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Recording Private Conversations and the *Invasion of Privacy Act 1971*

It is important that all members of the school community understand that under the *Invasion of Privacy Act 1971*, 'a person is guilty of an offence against this Act if the person uses a listening device to overhear, record, monitor or listen to a private conversation'. It is also an offence under the Act for a person who has overheard, recorded, monitored or listened to a conversation to which he/she is not a party to publish or communicate the substance or meaning of the conversation to others.

Students need to understand that some conversations are private and therefore to overhear, record, monitor or listen to such private conversations may be in breach of this Act, unless consent to the recording is appropriately obtained.

Special Circumstances Arrangement

Students who require the use of a personal technology device in circumstances that would contravene this policy (for example, to assist with a medical condition or other disability or for a special project) should negotiate a special circumstances arrangement with the Deputy Principal or Principal.

- * Personal Technology Devices includes, but is not limited to, games devices (such as Portable gaming devices, laptop computers, PDAs, cameras and/or voice recording devices (whether or not integrated with a mobile phone or MP3 player), mobile telephones, IPods® and devices of a similar nature.
- 9. Attempting to address specific problem behaviours will not be successful if the general level of disruptive behaviour in all areas of our school is not kept to a low level. Therefore, our universal behaviour support practices will be maintained at all times. This will ensure that:
 - our universal behaviour support processes will always remain the primary strategy for preventing problem behaviour, including preventing the subset of bullying behaviour;
 - all students are receiving high levels of positive reinforcement for demonstrating expected behaviours; and
 - a high level of quality active supervision is a permanent staff routine during face-to face interactions with our students. This means that duty staff members are easily identifiable and are constantly moving, scanning and positively interacting as they move through the designated supervision sectors.

Reasons for School Disciplinary Absences

The list of reasons depends on the type of school disciplinary absence chosen. (1-5 day suspension; 6-20 day suspension; recommendation for exclusion; cancellation of enrolment).

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Possible reasons for Suspension (1-5 days or 6-20 days)

Persistently disruptive behaviour adversely affecting others and/or refusing to obey legitimate requests from staff.



Verbal or Non Verbal Misconduct

- Involving adults
- Involving students



Physical Misconduct

- Involving adults * Not involving an object
 - * Involving an object
- Involving students
- * Not involving an object
- * Involving an object



Property Misconduct

- Involving own property
- Involving other's property



Substance Misconduct

- Tobacco
- Other legal substances
- Illicit substance



Other Conduct prejudicial to the good order and management of the school (s28(c) of Act)



Possible Reasons for Suspension with a Recommendation for Exclusion

As for 'Suspension' except replace the last 'Other Conduct' reason with the following:

Other Serious Conduct prejudicial to the good order and management of the school (s33(b) of the Act)

Reasons for Cancellation of Enrolment:

Refusal to participate in the program of instruction (Compulsory Participation)

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7. Network of Student Support

School staff that support positive student behaviour:

- Principal
- Deputy Principal
- Support Teacher: Literacy and Numeracy
- Parent Liaison Officer
- School Chaplain
- Class Teachers
- Field Teachers
- HOSES
- Guidance Officer
- Reading Teachers
- Teacher Aides
- Relief Teachers

Education Queensland staff that support school staff:

- Senior Guidance Officer
- Behaviour Management Specialist

External agencies that help:

- Headspace
- Bush Children's Health Scheme
- North West Queensland Primary Health Services
- Centrelink
- Flying Padre
- Remote Area Families Services
- Adopt-a-Cop
- Indigenous Education Workers

All of the above personnel work with the parents/guardians to provide appropriate support for students.

8. Consideration of Individual Circumstances

All of our students learn in an isolated environment away from their peers. All learning is therefore tailored to their unique circumstances. Our responses to inappropriate behaviour therefore must be appropriate to their needs.

To ensure alignment with the Code of School Behaviour when applying consequences, the individual circumstances and actions of the student and the needs and rights of school community members are considered at all times.

Mount Isa School of the Air considers the individual circumstances of students when applying support and consequences by:

- promoting an environment which is responsive to the diverse needs of its students;
- establishing procedures for applying fair, equitable and non-violent consequences for infringement of the code ranging from the least intrusive sanctions to the most stringent;
- recognising and taking into account students' age, gender, disability, cultural background, socioeconomic situation and their emotional state; and
- recognising the rights of all students to:
 - o express opinions in an appropriate manner and at the appropriate time;
 - work and learn in a safe environment regardless of their age, gender, disability, cultural background or socio-economic situation; and
 - o receive adjustments appropriate to their learning and/or impairment needs.

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Parents, governesses/governors and caregivers are provided the same considerations in regards to recognising and taking into account age, gender, disability, cultural background, socioeconomic situation and emotional state, and to receive adjustments appropriate to learning and/or impairment needs as required.

9. Related legislation

- Commonwealth Disability Discrimination Act 1992
- Commonwealth Disability Standards for Education 2005
- Education (General Provisions) Act 2006
- Education (General Provisions) Regulation 2006
- Criminal Code Act 1899
- Anti-Discrimination Act 1991
- Commission for Children and Young People and Child Guardian Act 2000
- Judicial Review Act 1991
- Workplace Health and Safety Act 2011
- Workplace Health and Safety Regulation 2011
- Right to Information Act 2009
- · Information Privacy (IP) Act 2009

Related policies and procedures

- Statement of expectations for a disciplined school environment policy
- Safe, Supportive and Disciplined School Environment
- Inclusive Education
- Enrolment in State Primary, Secondary and Special Schools
- Student Dress Code
- Student Protection
- Hostile People on School Premises, Wilful Disturbance and Trespass
- Police and Child Safety Officer Interviews with Students, and Police Searches at State Educational Institutions
- Acceptable Use of the Department's Information, Communication and Technology (ICT) Network and Systems
- Managing Electronic Identities and Identity Management
- Appropriate Use of Mobile Telephones and other Electronic Equipment by Students
- Temporary Removal of Student Property by School Staff

10. Some related resources

- National Safe Schools Framework
- Working Together resources for schools
- Cybersafety and schools resources
- Bullying. No way!
- Take a Stand Together
- Safe Schools Hub

Endorsement

P&C President or Chair, School Council

Date effective: From 2018 - 2020

The Code of

School

Behaviour

Better Behaviour Better Learning













Debriefing Report

Formal debriefing should be led by a staff member trained in the process who has not been involved in the event. The goals of debriefing are to:

- Reverse or minimise the negative effects of physical intervention
- Prevent the future use of physical intervention
- Address organisational problems and make appropriate changes

Notes on the discussion that occurs during the debriefing report are not required to be documented, however a note should be made that the debriefing has occurred for both staff and students involved (e.g. names, date, time and outcomes).

Debriefing should provide information on:

- Who was involved
- What happened
- Where it happened
- Why it happened
- What we learned

The specific questions we want to answer through the debriefing process are:

FACTS: What do we know happened?

• **FEELINGS**: How do you feel about the event that happened?

PLANNING: What can/should we do next?

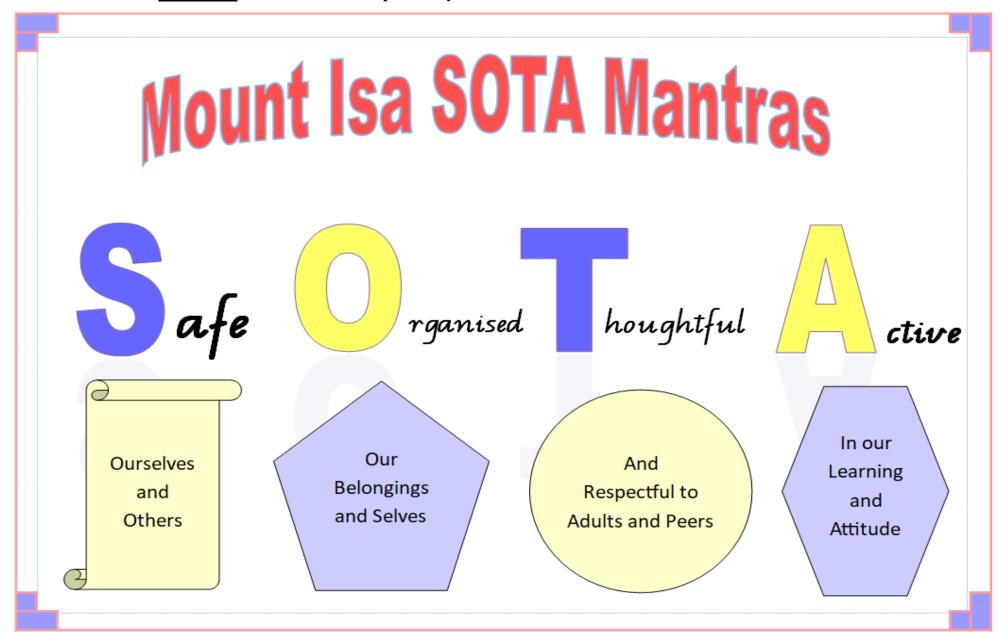
Questions for staff

- What were the first signs?
- What de-escalation techniques were used?
- What worked and what did not?
- What would you do differently next time?
- How can physical intervention be avoided in this situation in the future?
- What emotional impact does using physical intervention have on you?
- What was you emotional state at the time of the escalation?

Questions for student

- What was it that you needed?
- What upset you most?
- What did we do that was helpful?
- What did we do that got it that way?
- What can we do better next time?
- Is there anything that you would do differently?
- Would you do something differently next time?
- What could we have done to make the physical intervention less invasive?

For students who have language or communication difficulties the debriefing process will need to modified to accommodate their specific receptive and expressive needs.



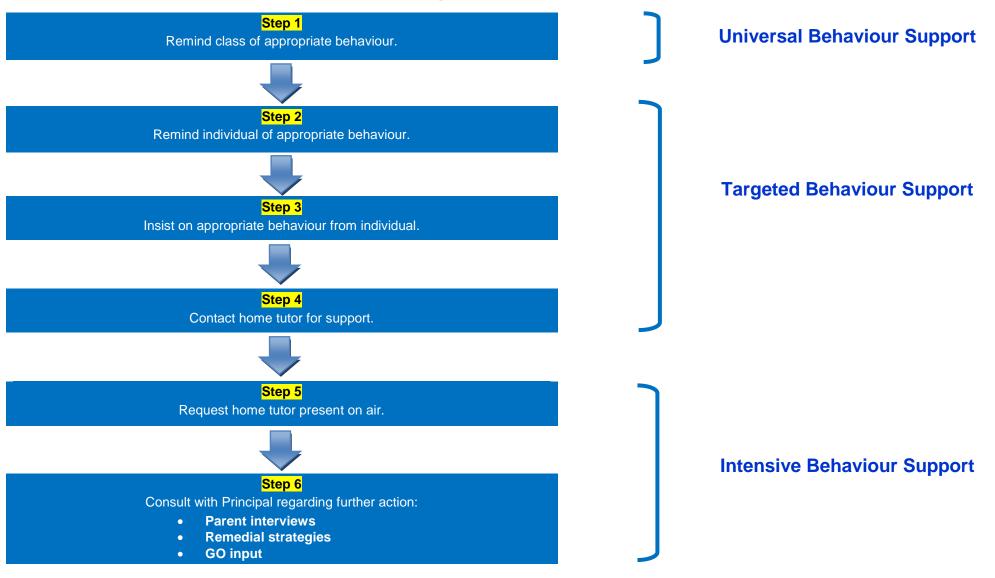
<u>Appendix 2</u> - These items can be printed by the Home Tutor and used in the home based school room <u>School of the Air (SOTA) Learning Behaviour Expectations</u>

School Value	Home School Room	On Air Classroom	Field Event	MISOTA campus
Safe	 Keep the school room tidy Walk with sharp objects If going outside make sure you put on a hat, slap on some sunscreen and cover up Keep hydrated. Have a full water bottle ready for learning. Have clean hands before you start your school work Report any unknown digital contacts to your home tutor (social networks etc) 	 Follow teacher directions respectfully Use of respectful written communication in chatbox to peers and teacher Report any unknown or unfriendly digital communication to your class teacher (school emails; school online subscriptions; Blackboard chatbox) Only edit or work on another student's page with permission 	 Follow directions of the Field Teachers Respect the personal space of others Work within the space provided for learning and keep the space tidy Help pack up Bring a hat, sunscreen and wear suitable footwear and clothes Walk together and stay with your group Practise water safety skills when participating in pool events If you need to leave the group you must let the teacher know 	Sign in at the front office Bring a hat, sunscreen and suitable footwear Walk in the school buildings Walk with an adult in the car park Have an adult with you in the outdoor playground Practise safe turn taking on the playground equipment Always stay with your teacher until your home tutor arrives Follow MISOTA staff directions
Organised	 Have your Unit Timetable or Subject Unit Planner in a visible space – wall or folder Have your Primary Studio or Secondary Timetable with dial in codes easily available in your learning space Be responsible for your own school materials Put equipment away Have materials ready for on air lessons 	Have materials ready for your on air lessons Be on time to your lesson Promptly complete your lesson work in break out rooms or on your desktop in the time allocated	Follow teacher instructions	 Let your teacher know you are coming to the school beforehand Bring your school resources with you including pencil case, unit materials and your own laptops
Thoughtful	■Work with your home tutor, and follow their directions ■Assist your siblings or peers ■Help clean up your learning space each day	Use your on air etiquette Use appropriate language Be patient and wait quietly while others share their opinions Respect that others are allowed to have opinions different to yours Give others constructive feedback Assist others where you can	 Use inside voices when needed Respect the personal space of others Help your peers and those younger than you Include everyone in activities Use appropriate language 	 Use inside voices Greet everyone you meet with a smile and a hello
Active	Be a learner - Be enthusiastic Be positive Be engaged and actively listen Look after your own learning materials Share your learning and evidence of work with you home tutor each day Take a regular break from your workspace (frequency and time dependent on age)	 Participate in class activities for learning Give feedback or question to further your own learning Be enthusiastic Be positive Be engaged and actively listen 	 Give new things a go Persist if something is tricky If needed, ask a peer or field teacher for help 	 Introduce yourself to staff at the school who may not know you Ask any staff member any questions you may have or if you need anything Attend your on air lessons with your teachers as per your normal daily timetable

Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour

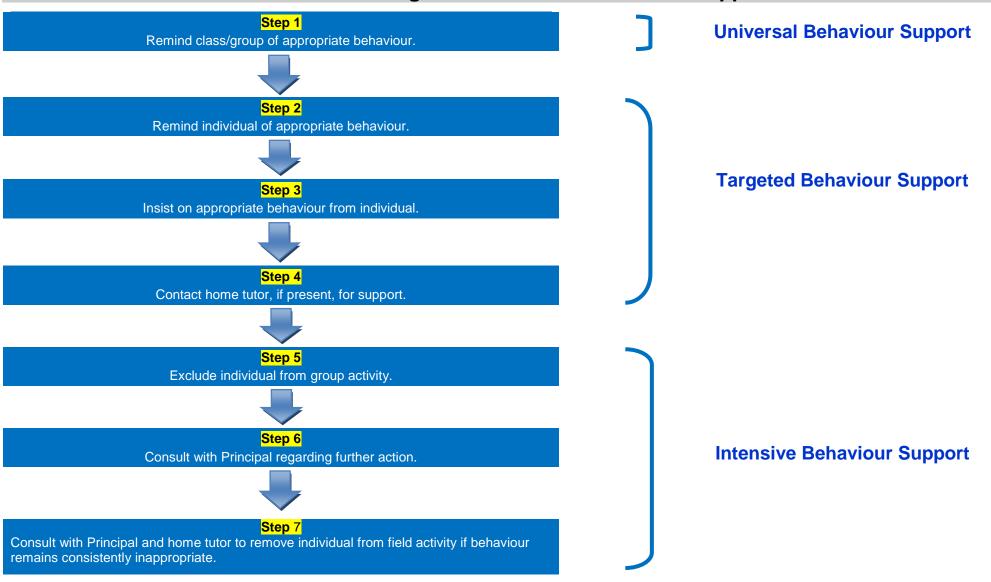
On Air

Universal / Targeted / Intensive Behaviour Support



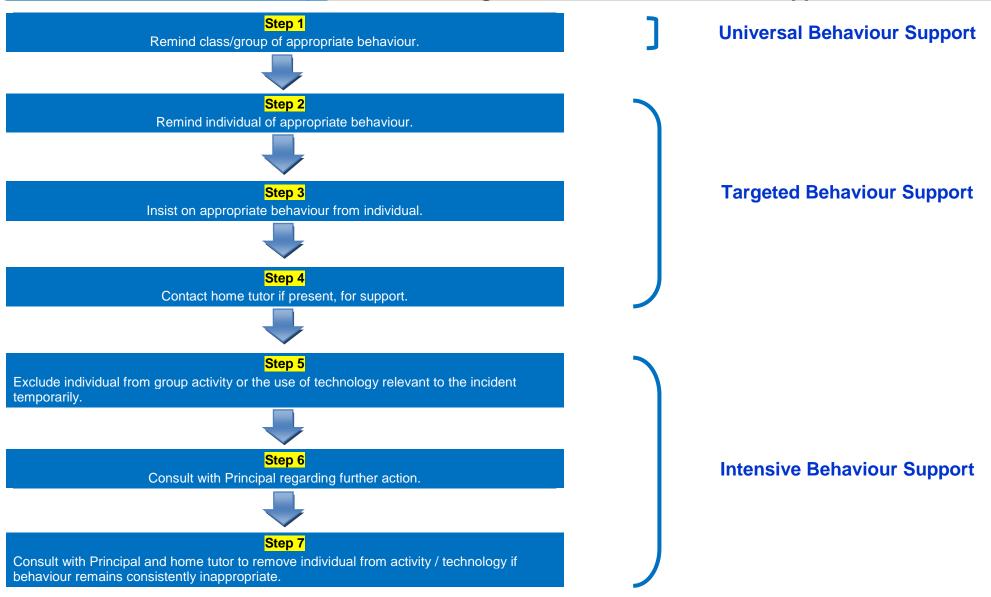
Appendix 2 - These items can be printed by the Home Tutor and used in the home based school room

Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour In Field Universal / Targeted / Intensive Behaviour Support



Consequences for Unacceptable Behaviour Bullying & Cyber-bullying/Inappropriate use of

communication and technology Universal / Targeted / Intensive Behaviour Support



Suggested Isolated Home Classroom Procedure

Step 1

Home Tutor introduces SOTA & Home School Room Student Learning Behaviour Expectations. Create Home School Room rewards and consequences. Remind all students of appropriate behaviour.



Step 2

Home Tutor reminds individual of appropriate behaviour. Refer to SOTA and Home School Room Student Learning Behaviour Expectations and refer to Home School Room rewards and consequences.



Step 3

Home Tutor insists on appropriate behaviour from individual. Refer to SOTA and Home School Room Student Learning Behaviour Expectations and implement Home School Room rewards and consequences.



Step 4

Home Tutor continues to implement Home School Room rewards and consequences.



Step 5

Home Tutor contacts parent and/or Class Teacher for support.



Step 6

Home Tutor/Parent consults with Class Teacher or Principal regarding further action.

Universal Behaviour Support

Targeted Behaviour Support

Intensive Behaviour Support